

The Oklahoma Cooperative Extension Service

Bringing the University to You!

The Cooperative Extension Service is the largest, most successful informal educational organization in the world. It is a nationwide system funded and guided by a partnership of federal, state, and local governments that delivers information to help people help themselves through the land-grant university system.

Extension carries out programs in the broad categories of agriculture, natural resources and environment; family and consumer sciences; 4-H and other youth; and community resource development. Extension staff members live and work among the people they serve to help stimulate and educate Americans to plan ahead and cope with their problems.

Some characteristics of the Cooperative Extension system are:

- It provides practical, problem-oriented education for people of all ages. It is designated to take the knowledge of the university to those persons who do not or cannot participate in the formal classroom instruction of the university.
- It utilizes research from university, government, and other sources to help people make their own decisions.
- More than a million volunteers help multiply the impact of the Extension professional staff.
- It dispenses no funds to the public.
- It is not a regulatory agency, but it does inform people of regulations and of their options in meeting them.
- Local programs are developed and carried out in full recognition of national problems and goals.
- The Extension staff educates people through personal contacts, meetings, demonstrations, and the mass media.
- Extension has the built-in flexibility to adjust its programs and subject matter to meet new needs. Activities shift from year to year as citizen groups and Extension workers close to the problems advise changes.



A Checklist of Prairie, Shrubland, and Forest Understory Plants of Oklahoma

Characteristics and Value to Deer, Quail, Turkey, and Cattle

Terrence G. Bidwell
Professor and Extension Specialist
Rangeland Ecology and Management

Ronald E. Masters
Director of Research
Tall Timbers Research Station

Ronald J. Tyrl
Professor
Department of Botany

Oklahoma has more than 2,600 species of vascular plants, of which 90% are native. In this Fact Sheet, we have listed those commonly found in prairies, shrublands, and forest understories throughout the state and described their characteristics and resource values.

Characteristics of plant growth can be useful in determining where species occur and under what environmental conditions they exist. The life span of each plant in the following table is recorded as either perennial or annual. Annual plants complete their life cycle in one growing season and perpetuate through seed production. Perennials, in addition to producing seeds, store energy reserves in their root systems for use the following year. A species' principal time of growth is described as either cool season or warm season. Cool-season plants complete the majority of their growth in the fall, winter, and spring. Warm-season plants grow during the summer.

A number of species have been brought here from other continents, either intentionally or by accident. These plants are termed *introduced species*. They often become undesirable because they lack natural enemies and may thrive at the cost of native species. Some introduced plants are invasive and noxious weeds and thus should be controlled. Some native plants, like eastern redcedar, become invasive because of the reduction in natural ecological processes such as fire. Whether each plant has a tendency to be invasive, such as *Sericea lespedeza*, is the final plant characteristic listed.

Because animals depend on plants for food and cover, the value of each species for deer, quail, wild turkey, and cattle has been rated as desirable or undesirable. It is important to note that the value of a plant to different wildlife species may be the same. Species also do not have to be a desired food item to be important. Cover provides necessary protection from weather and predators. Use of some species is seasonal. It is important to note that some species designated undesirable for food or cover may have other resource values and thus be considered important.

This table is intended to serve as a quick reference for determining the attributes of common plants in Oklahoma

Oklahoma Cooperative Extension Fact Sheets are also available on our website at:
<http://osufacts.okstate.edu>



Illinois bundleflower.

and their value to wildlife and indirectly to the land manager's interests or needs. The species are grouped into four categories: graminoids, legumes, forbs, and woodies. For detailed discussions and drawings of these plants, obtain a copy of the Field Guide to Oklahoma Plants. Contact Rangeland Ecology and Management at 405.744.6421.

For information on all species of plants, visit
<http://plants.usda.gov/>

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PLANT CHARACTERISTIC, ECOLOGICAL AND RESOURCE RATING GUIDE			RESOURCE VALUE RATING								
Perennial = P Annual = A Biennial = B Introduced = IN	Cool Season = C Warm Season = W Invasive = IV Native = N	PLANT CHARACTERISTICS LH = Life History SG = Season of Growth OR = Origin	Desirable = De			Limited = LM		Undesirable = Un			
			WT Deer		BW Quail		Cattle		Turkey		
			LH	SG	OR	Food	Cover	Food	Cover	Food	Cover

GRAMINOID											
1 Jointed goatgrass (<i>Aegilops cylindrica</i>)	A	C	IN, IV	UN							
2 Big or Sand bluestem (<i>Andropogon gerardii</i>)	P	W	N	UN	DE	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
3 Splitbeard bluestem (<i>Andropogon ternarius</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	LM	UN	UN	UN	LM
4 Broomsedge bluestem (<i>Andropogon virginicus</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	DE
5 Annual threeawn (<i>Aristida oligantha</i>)	A	W	N	UN							
6 Perennial threeawn (<i>Aristida purpurea</i>)	P	W	N	UN							
7 Giant cane (<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>)	P	W	N	LM	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE
8 Old World bluestem (<i>Bothriochloa ischaemum</i>)	P	W	IN, IV	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
9 Silver bluestem (<i>Bothriochloa laguroides</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	DE
10 Sideoats grama (<i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i>)	P	W	N	LM	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	DE	DE
11 Blue grama (<i>Bouteloua gracilis</i>)	P	W	N	LM	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
12 Hairy grama (<i>Bouteloua hirsuta</i>)	P	W	N	LM	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
13 Rescuegrass (<i>Bromus catharticus</i>)	A	C	IN, IV	UN	UN	UN	UN	LM	UN	UN	UN
14 Japanese brome (<i>Bromus japonicus</i>)	A	C	IN, IV	UN							
15 Downey brome (<i>Bromus tectorum</i>)	A	C	IN, IV	UN							
16 Buffalograss (<i>Buchloe dactyloides</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
17 Giant sandreed (<i>Calamovilfa gigantea</i>)	P	W	N	UN	DE	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
18 Prairie sedge (<i>Carex festucacea</i>)	P	C	N	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
19 Sandbur (<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>)	A	W	N	UN							
20 Broadleaved uniola (<i>Chasmanthium latifolium</i>)	P	C	N	DE	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	DE
21 Windmillgrass (<i>Chloris verticillata</i>)	P	W	N	UN							
22 Rattail grass (<i>Coelorachis cylindrica</i>)	P	W	N	UN							
23 Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>)	P	W	IN, IV	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
24 False flatsedge (<i>Cyperus strigosus</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
25 Poverty oatgrass (<i>Danthonia spicata</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
26 Inland saltgrass (<i>Distichlis spicata</i>)	P	W	N	UN							
27 Canada wildrye (<i>Elymus canadensis</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
28 Western wheatgrass (<i>Elymus smithii</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
29 Weeping lovegrass (<i>Eragrostis curvula</i>)	P	W	IN	UN	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	UN
30 Plains lovegrass (<i>Eragrostis lugens</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	DE
31 Red lovegrass (<i>Eragrostis secundiflora</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	DE
32 Purple lovegrass (<i>Eragrostis spectabilis</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
33 Sand lovegrass (<i>Eragrostis trichodes</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	DE
34 Prairie cupgrass (<i>Eriochloa contracta</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
35 Hairy tridens (<i>Erioneuron pilosum</i>)	P	W	N	UN	DE						
36 Tall fescue (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>)	P	C	IN, IV	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
37 Bearded skeletongrass (<i>Gymnopogon ambiguus</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN
38 Tobosa grass (<i>Hilaria mutica</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN
39 Little barley (<i>Hordeum pusillum</i>)	A	C	IN, IV	UN							
40 Rush (<i>Juncus tenuis</i>)	P	C	N	UN							
41 Fall witchgrass (<i>Leptoloma cognatum</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
42 Nimblewill (<i>Muhlenbergia schreberi</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	DE
43 Indian ricegrass (<i>Oryzopsis hymenoides</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	DE	DE
44 Vine mesquite (<i>Panicum obtusum</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
45 Scribner panicum (<i>Panicum oligosanthes</i>)	P	C	N	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
46 Switchgrass (<i>Panicum virgatum</i>)	P	W	N	UN	DE	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	DE
47 Florida paspalum (<i>Paspalum floridanum</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	DE
48 Texas bluegrass (<i>Poa arachnifera</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN	UN
49 Tumblegrass (<i>Schedonnardus paniculatus</i>)	P	W	N	UN							

PLANT CHARACTERISTIC, ECOLOGICAL AND RESOURCE RATING GUIDE					RESOURCE VALUE RATING							
Perennial = P Annual = A Biennial = B Introduced = IN	Cool Season = C Warm Season = W Invasive = IV Native = N	PLANT CHARACTERISTICS			Desirable = De		Limited = LM		Undesirable = Un			
		LH = Life History SG = Season of Growth OR = Origin			WT Deer		BW Quail		Cattle		Turkey	
		LH	SG	OR	Food	Cover	Food	Cover	Food	Cover	Food	Cover
50	Little bluestem (<i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
51	Nutrush (<i>Scleria ciliata</i>)	P	C	N	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
52	Knotroot bristlegrass (<i>Setaria gracilis</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
53	Indiangrass (<i>Sorghastrum nutans</i>)	P	W	N	UN	DE	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
54	Johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)	P	W	IN, IV	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
55	Prairie cordgrass (<i>Spartina pectinata</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
56	Prairie wedgescale (<i>Sphenopholis obtusata</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
57	Alkali sacaton (<i>Sporobolus airoides</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
58	Tall dropseed (<i>Sporobolus asper</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
59	Sand dropseed (<i>Sporobolus cryptandrus</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	UN	UN
60	Annual dropseed (<i>Sporobolus neglectus</i>)	A	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
61	Texas wintergrass (<i>Stipa leucotricha</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
62	Purpletop (<i>Tridens flavus</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
63	Longspike tridens (<i>Tridens strictus</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
64	Eastern gamagrass (<i>Tripsacum dactyloides</i>)	P	W	N	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	DE
65	Cattail (<i>Typha latifolia</i>)	P	W	N	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
66	Sixweeks fescue (<i>Vulpia octoflora</i>)	A	C	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN

LEGUMES

67	Prairie acacia (<i>Acacia angustissima</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
68	Leadplant (<i>Amorpha canescens</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
69	Groundplum (<i>Astragalus crassicarpus</i>)	A	C	N	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN
70	Woolly loco (<i>Astragalus mollissimus</i>)	A	C	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN
71	Blue wild indigo (<i>Baptisia australis</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	DE	UN
72	Plains wild indigo (<i>Baptisia bracteata</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	DE	UN
73	Showy partridgepea (<i>Chamaecrista fasciculata</i>)	A	W	N	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN
74	Butterfly pea (<i>Clitoria mariana</i>)	A	W	N	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
75	Slender dalea (<i>Dalea enneandra</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
76	Illinois bundleflower (<i>Desmanthus illinoensis</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	DE
77	Sessile-leaved tickclover (<i>Desmodium sessilifolium</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
78	Downey milk pea (<i>Galactia regularis</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
79	Roundhead lespedeza (<i>Lespedeza capitata</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
80	Sericea lespedeza (<i>Lespedeza cuneata</i>)	P	W	IN, IV	UN							
81	Trailing lespedeza (<i>Lespedeza procumbens</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
82	Korean lespedeza (<i>Lespedeza stipulacea</i>)	A	W	IN, IV	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
83	Slender lespedeza (<i>Lespedeza virginica</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
84	Catclaw sensitivebriar (<i>Mimosa quadrivalvis</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
85	Yellow neptune (<i>Neptunia lutea</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
86	Lambert's crazyweed (<i>Oxytropis lamberti</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN
87	Purple prairieclover (<i>Petalostemon purpureus</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
88	Scurfpea (<i>Psoralidium tenuiflorum</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	UN	DE
89	Trailing wildbean (<i>Strophostyles helvola</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
90	Goat's rue (<i>Tephrosia virginiana</i>)	P	W	N	DE	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	DE	UN
91	White clover (<i>Trifolium repens</i>)	P	C	IN	DE	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN
92	Hairy vetch (<i>Vicia villosa</i>)	A	C	IN	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN

FORBS

93	Three-seeded mercury (<i>Acalypha virginica</i>)	A	W	N	DE	UN						
94	Common yarrow (<i>Achillea millefolium</i>)	P	C	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	UN
95	Prostate pigweed (<i>Amaranthus blitoides</i>)	A	W	N	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
96	Redroot pigweed (<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>)	A	W	IN, IV	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN
97	Lanceleaf ragweed (<i>Ambrosia bidentata</i>)	A	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN
98	Western ragweed (<i>Ambrosia psilostachya</i>)	P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	UN	DE
99	Giant ragweed (<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>)	A	W	N	UN	DE	DE	DE	UN	UN	UN	DE

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PLANT CHARACTERISTICS
 LH = Life History
 SG = Season of Growth
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RESOURCE VALUE RATING

LH	SG	OR	Desirable = De		Limited = LM		Undesirable = Un		
			WT Deer		BW Quail		Cattle		Turkey
			Food	Cover	Food	Cover	Food	Cover	Food
P	C	N	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	DE
P	W	N	DE	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	DE
P	C	N	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN
P	W	N	DE	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN
A	W	N	UN	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	DE
P	W	N	DE	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	DE
P	W	N	IN, IV	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
B	C	IN, IV	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	UN
A	W	N	UN	UN	DE	UN	UN	UN	UN
100	Pussytoes (<i>Antennaria parlinii</i>)								
101	Sagewort (<i>Artemisia ludoviciana</i>)								
102	Antelopehorn milkweed (<i>Asclepias viridis</i>)								
103	Heath aster (<i>Aster ericoides</i>)								
104	Spanish needles (<i>Bidens bipinnata</i>)								
105	Halfshrub sundrop (<i>Calylophus serrulatus</i>)								
106	Musk thistle (<i>Carduus nutans</i>)								
107	Indian paintbrush (<i>Castilleja indivisa</i>)								
108	Basketflower (<i>Centaurea americana</i>)								
109	lambsquarters (<i>Chenopodium album</i>)								
110	Horseweed (<i>Conyza canadensis</i>)								
111	Plains coreopsis (<i>Coreopsis tinctoria</i>)								
112	Texas croton (<i>Croton texensis</i>)								
113	Rushfoil (<i>Crotonopsis elliptica</i>)								
114	Poor Joe (<i>Diodia teres</i>)								
115	Black Sampson (<i>Echinacea angustifolia</i>)								
116	Leafy elephant's foot (<i>Elephantopus carolinianus</i>)								
117	Engelmann's daisy (<i>Engelmannia pinnatifida</i>)								
118	Daisy fleabane (<i>Erigeron strigosus</i>)								
119	Leavenworth's eryngo (<i>Eryngium leavenworthii</i>)								
120	Yuccaleaf eryngo (<i>Eryngium yuccifolium</i>)								
121	White snakeroot (<i>Eupatorium rugosum</i>)								
122	Snow-on-the-mountain (<i>Euphorbia marginata</i>)								
123	Indian blanket (<i>Gaillardia pulchella</i>)								
124	Woods bedstraw (<i>Galium circaeans</i>)								
125	Carolina cranesbill (<i>Geranium carolinianum</i>)								
126	Fragrant cudweed (<i>Gnaphalium obtusifolium</i>)								
127	Curlycup gumweed (<i>Grindelia squarrosa</i>)								
128	Common broomweed (<i>Gutierrezia dracunculoides</i>)								
129	Broom snakeweed (<i>Gutierrezia sarothrae</i>)								
130	Wax goldenweed (<i>Haplopappus ciliatus</i>)								
131	Bitter sneezeweed (<i>Helenium amarum</i>)								
132	Annual sunflower (<i>Helianthus annuus</i>)								
133	Maximilian's sunflower (<i>Helianthus maximilianii</i>)								
134	Ashy sunflower (<i>Helianthus mollis</i>)								
135	Sump weed (<i>Iva annua</i>)								
136	Summer cypress (<i>Kochia scoparia</i>)								
137	Pepperweed (<i>Lepidium virginicum</i>)								
138	Dotted gayfeather (<i>Liatris punctata</i>)								
139	Yellow puccoon (<i>Lithospermum incisum</i>)								
140	Lemon beebalm (<i>Monarda citriodora</i>)								
141	Prickly pear (<i>Opuntia macrorhiza</i>)								
142	Violet wood sorrel (<i>Oxalis violacea</i>)								
143	Prairie phlox (<i>Phlox pilosa</i>)								
144	Pokeweed (<i>Phytolacca americana</i>)								
145	Pennsylvanica smartweed (<i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i>)								
146	Self-heal (<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>)								
147	Slender-leaved mountain mint (<i>Pycnanthemum tenuifolium</i>)								
148	Mexican Hat (<i>Ratibida columnifera</i>)								
149	Blacked Susan (<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>)								
150	Wild petunia (<i>Ruellia humilis</i>)								
151	Curly dock (<i>Rumex crispus</i>)								
152	Russian-thistle (<i>Salsola tragus</i>)								
153	Pitcher sage (<i>Salvia azurea</i>)								
154	Threadleaf groundsel (<i>Senecio flaccidus</i>)								

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P	W	N	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE
P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
A	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
P	W	N	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
P	W	N	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE
A	C	IN, IV	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN
P	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	UN
A	W	N	UN	UN	DE	DE	UN	UN	UN
155	Compass plant (<i>Silphium laciniatum</i>)								
156	Silverleaf nightshade (<i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>)								
157	Buffalo bur (<i>Solanum rostratum</i>)								
158	Canada goldenrod (<i>Solidago canadensis</i>)								
159	Goat's beard (<i>Tragopogon pratensis</i>)								
160	Mullein (<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>)								
161	Western ironweed (<i>Vernonia baldwinii</i>)								
162	Cocklebur (<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>)								
163	Yucca (<i>Yucca glauca</i>)								

WOODIES

164	False indigo (<i>Amorpha fruticosa</i>)	P	W	N	DE	DE	DE	DE	LM	DE
165	Sand sagebrush (<i>Artemisia filifolia</i>)	P	W	N	UN	DE	UN	DE	UN	UN
166	Chittamwood (<i>Bumelia lanuginosa</i>)	P	W	N	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE
167	American beautyberry (<i>Callicarpa americana</i>)	P	W	N	DE	DE	DE	DE		